

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

GERMAN GAIN COSTS HEAVY CASUALTIES

Town of Fresnes in the Woivre Captured Through Strong Infantry Attacks

FRENCH HOLD IMPORTANT STRATEGIC POSITION

Teutons Have Advanced Three Miles Since They Took the Town of Forges—Germans Succeeded in Penetrating a French Redoubt in the Region of Douaumont, But Were Thrown Out by a Counter Attack—Berlin Reports Recapture of a Position in Champagne—Nothing Definite is Known of Entry of German Dreadnoughts Into the North Sea.

Driving hard against the French line northwest and southwest of Verdun, the Germans have been enabled to make additional gains toward Verdun, but with extremely heavy casualties, according to Paris. Hill 265 to the southeast and a portion of Corzeaux Wood, directly south of Forges, have been occupied by the Germans through strong infantry attacks which were preceded by extremely heavy bombardments. The towns of Fresnes in the Woivre also have been captured. The German attack was over the entire front west of the Meuse extending from Bethmont to the river, and the positions on the heights of the Cote de l'Or, for the possession of which numerous sanguinary engagements have been fought. The occupation of a portion of the Corzeaux Wood would indicate that the Germans have advanced over three miles since they took the town of Forges.

TO SAFEGUARD INDUSTRIES FOLLOWING END OF WAR

Conference to Be Held in New York Tomorrow With That Object.

New York, March 7.—Representatives of many large industries involving millions of dollars of capital and employing thousands of men will meet in this city Thursday afternoon to formulate a programme to safeguard those industries against any business depression which may follow the end of the war. The conference was called by H. W. Hand, vice president of the William Cramp Sons' ship and engine building company. The interests represented are to include manufacturers of electric and hydraulic machinery, insulations, water wheels, manganese bronze, and allied concerns. Mr. Hand said that increases in pay-rolls and output have emphasized to manufacturers the need to protect themselves from a possible sudden decrease in business when the war ends and to develop new industries and stimulate established business.

PROPOSAL FOR A REFERENDUM ON SUFFRAGE RESOLUTION

Indications Are That It Will Be Reported Favorably in New York Senate.

WOMANPORT. Now is the time for all Albany, N. Y., March 7.—The senate judiciary committee today deferred action until tomorrow upon the proposal for a referendum on the woman suffrage question at the November election in 1917. Senator J. Henry Walters of Syracuse, who introduced the committee, indicated that the committee might not vote on the question before next Tuesday. Reports from the committee room were that the proposal eventually would be reported favorably. Eight of the thirteen members of the committee were reported to have voted in favor of the measure, while the remainder took no position in the assembly.

CITY OF CAXACA, MEX., WAS BURNED MARCH 5.

According to Information Reaching the State Department.

Washington, March 7.—The city of Caxaca, Mexico, was burned March 5, according to information reaching the state department today from the Carranza government. It was reported that the city had been in possession of the city had been evacuated. The Carranza government denies the truth of a report that Felix Diaz has entered Mexico.

BAKER'S NOMINATION IS CONFIRMED BY SENATE.

His Appointment Unanimously Commended by Cabinet Officers.

Washington, March 7.—Mr. Baker's nomination was confirmed today by the senate. Mr. Baker's appointment was expressed by cabinet members at today's cabinet meeting. General Hugh L. Scott, secretary of war at interim, told the president that the selection had been very favorably received among the army officers.

IMMIGRATION CONTROL BY AMERICA AND CANADA.

Being Investigated by Commission of Immigration Service.

Washington, March 7.—The whole question of the relations between the American and Canadian governments over the question of immigration control, is being investigated by a commission of the immigration service, which will report soon to the secretary of labor. Agreements, respecting the admission of Chinese to each country through the other are receiving special attention.

Cabled Paragraphs

Mail on Dutch Steamship Detained by British.

The Hague, March 7, via London. 6.57 p. m.—The mail on the Dutch steamship Veendijk, which arrived at Rotterdam Monday from New York, was detained by the British authorities.

Major-General Von Lotterer Killed.

London, March 7, 6.50 p. m.—Major General Von Lotterer, commanding the German artillery division near Verdun, is reported to have been killed in action, says a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Exchange Telegraph company.

PROMOTE MY BROTHER OR INCREASE HIS PAY.

Substance of Remarkable Telegram from State Senator James I. Green of Massachusetts.

Washington, March 7.—Secretary McAdoo tonight made public a telegram from State Senator James I. Green of Massachusetts, which was a promotion for Mr. Green's brother in the Boston customs house and his reply. The telegram from Green to the secretary reads as follows: "As secretary treasury you have full power to create immediately deputy surveyorship Boston just abolished and promote my brother, or you can increase his salary to six dollars per day, which is perfectly satisfactory. My conduct as delegate to national convention will be governed by treatment accorded him. Wire my expense."

In his reply Mr. McAdoo said: "Do you realize that your telegram of 5th inst. places you in a very awkward position? You practically ask me to bribe you to govern your conduct as a delegate to national convention by giving your brother a position of deputy surveyor of Boston, which has been abolished because it is unnecessary, or to increase his salary to six dollars per day. Your offense is a serious one and deserves to be treated with the contempt I accord it. I shall not prostitute the public service as you propose, and you can expect as you please at the national convention."

QUALIFIED DENIAL MADE BY SENATOR J. I. GREEN.

Says There Was No Reference to His Conduct as a Delegate.

Boston, March 7.—State Senator James I. Green admitted tonight that he had exchanged telegrams with Secretary McAdoo over the subject of the appointment of his brother, John P. Green, a custom house inspector, to the position of deputy surveyor of the port, but he denied making any reference to the national convention as stated in the correspondence given out in Washington. He said that his telegram was sent several weeks ago.

DESERTER FROM BATTLESHIP VERMONT UNDER ARREST.

Is Charged With Forgery a Money Order at New London.

New Haven, Conn., March 7.—Elmer E. Winkler, until Feb. 1, mailman on the battleship Vermont at Norfolk, Va., was arrested here today as he was applying at the postoffice for mail under the name of Elmer E. Winkler. It is alleged that he deserted at Norfolk on Feb. 15, taking with him \$300 in postal funds and three money orders which he had filled out and made payable for \$150 each. Two of these, it is charged, he cashed in Atlanta, Ga. His attempt to cash the third at New London, and which was taken to a postmaster at Knoxville, Tenn., aroused suspicion of the postal authorities and led to his arrest.

It was expected that he would be arraigned some time today before United States Commissioner Carroll at Hartford on a charge of forging a money order at New London, but it was considered probable that he would be taken to Norfolk to face charges there.

J. FEINER OF SPRINGFIELD CHARGED WITH PERJURY

In Connection With His Mother's Suit Against Connecticut Co.

Hartford, Conn., March 7.—Joseph Feiner, of Springfield, Mass., was arrested on a bench warrant tonight, charged with perjury, a few hours after he had testified in the superior court in his mother's suit against the Connecticut company for damages. He was held in \$2,500 bond.

While driving an automobile in South Windsor recently, his automobile was in an accident in which his motor injured. He testified, that he was blinded by the lights of a trolley car. Other witnesses swore that the trolley car did not appear until ten minutes after the accident and that the lights on his machine were not lighted.

The jury returned a verdict for the company. The court after a conference with the state's attorney ordered the bench warrant for Feiner's arrest and it was issued by Judge Tuttle.

SOUTHWESTERN COLORADO IS AGAIN SNOWBOUND

Traffic Generally on the San Jose Valley is Demoralized.

Denver, Colo., March 7.—For the second time this winter southwestern Colorado is snowbound. Muriango, the center of the storm, has for 12 hours been cut off from outside communication and traffic generally in the San Juan basin is demoralized. Thirty-five passengers on a Denver and Rio Grande passenger train have been held at Chama, N. M., for five days on account of the drifting snow. Hartford, Conn., March 7.—Secretary of State Burnes today issued an automobile operator's license to one-handed man, Irvin Collins of Mansfield, whose right hand had been amputated. The secretary warned him to be cautious while driving.

OBITUARY.

Rear Admiral Walker.

Washington, March 7.—Rear Admiral Walker, retired, 70, one of Dewey's commanders at Manila bay, died today at Annapolis after a two weeks' illness of pneumonia. His home was at Portsmouth, N. H.

Morgenstern Not to Resign.

New York, March 7.—Henry Morgenstern denied tonight that he intends to resign as ambassador to Turkey. "There is absolutely no truth in the report," he said. "I intend to return the first of May."

Local Optimists Win in Vermont

PROHIBITION DEFEATED BY MAJORITY OF 13,164 VOTES.

RESULT WAS A SURPRISE

State Voted for Direct Primary by a Majority of 3,700—System Will Become Effective at Spring Conventions

Rutland, Vt., March 7.—Local option won over prohibition in this state today by a margin of 13,164 votes. The prohibitory amendment was first placed on the statute books in 1875 and was repealed in 1903 by a majority of 729. The vote today on the question of re-enacting the amendment was 18,968; no, 31,467.

Orleans Only County to Vote Yes.

Every county in the state with the exception of Orleans gave a majority in favor of local option. The vote was taken in connection with the annual town meetings held throughout the state, the proposed amendment having been passed by the last legislature and submitted to the people in a referendum. The result was a surprise. Because of the narrow margin of thirteen years ago, the advocates of prohibition were hopeful that the state would turn against liquor selling. The result was a surprise, not only to the prohibitory campaign committee and the Anti-Saloon league, but also to the local option leaders who said they had not looked for so decisive a victory.

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Vote For Direct Primary.

The state voted for direct primary elections by a majority of 3,700. The system will go into effect for the selection of delegates to the national convention this spring.

Among the features of the vote on the liquor question was the fact that many towns which voted against prohibition refused to grant licenses for the sale of liquor during the coming year.

Rev. Clifford Smith of Burlington, superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league, said:

"The result is a great surprise, but it is not significant nor will it have any bearing on the movement for national prohibition. We realize that the small towns did not wake up as was expected."

Seven Places Changed to Dry.

Seven places changed from dry to wet, as follows: The city of Barre, and the towns of Norton, Swanton, Castleton, Mount Tabor, Middlesex and South Hero. The four towns which changed from wet to dry were Bethel, Brighton, Reading and Isle La Motte.

BRITISH REPLY TO GERMAN NOTE ON BARALONG CASE

Disclaims Any Intention to Further Discuss General Charges of Inhumanity.

London, March 7, 6.35 p. m.—The British reply to the German note sent through the American embassy at Berlin in the middle of January, rejecting the British government's offer for an investigation of the Baralong case, was received today. The note, which was issued tonight, is for transmission to the German government, and is for the purpose of making it clear that the British government disclaims any intention to further discuss general charges of inhumanity.

HEAVY PATROL ALONG THE MEXICAN BORDER.

Villa is Reported to Be at the Buques Grandes Ranch.

El Paso, Tex., March 7.—Officers of the United States cavalry, patrolling the New Mexican border, reported tonight that Francisco Villa, leader of the Mexican revolution, was at the Buques Grandes ranch, 15 miles west of Palomas, Chihuahua, opposite Columbus, N. M. Villa, the report stated, had with him between 200 and 300 men.

The British government disclaims any intention to further discuss general charges of inhumanity.

One of the day's surprises was the failure of the so-called Bryan influence to develop any appreciable strength against the president.

McLemore Alone Spoke for Resolution

In all the fight nobody, except Representative McLemore himself, had a good word to say for the resolution about which all the storm centered. The supporters who were tabling it, it was said, because they wanted a chance to substitute another drawn by Representative Campbell of Kansas.

Good Feeling Prevailed.

The long debate, lasting from 11 o'clock in the morning until well after 1 o'clock tonight, almost without interruption was conducted with the utmost good feeling.

CONCRETE BLOCK FELL ON WATERBURY LABORER.

Concave Marconi, 31, Instantly Killed—Brother Was Working Beside Him.

Waterbury, Conn., March 7.—Concave Marconi, 31, a laborer employed by the Sperry Engineering company, which is building new factories for the Scott Manufacturing company, was instantly killed today when a concrete block four feet square fell on him, breaking his neck and back and crushing the lower part of his body. His brother, who was working beside him when he was killed, Marconi, was a widow and family.

GIFT OF \$14,000 TO GEORGE JUNIOR REPUBLIC.

Henry O. Hubbard of Bridgeport the Donor—Dinner to T. M. Osborne.

New Haven, Conn., March 7.—At a meeting today of the trustees of the George Junior Republic of Connecticut, announcement was made that Henry O. Hubbard of Bridgeport had made a gift of \$14,000 to the society. The trustees gave a dinner to Thomas Mott Osborne, former warden of Sing Sing prison, who delivered a Dodge lecture at Yale tonight.

At 12 Bryant wrote Thompson.

President Wins Decisive Victory

HOUSE TABLES THE McLEMORE RESOLUTION.

FINAL VOTE 276 TO 142

One of the Surprises of the Day Was the Failure of the So-Called Bryan Influence to Develop Any Strength.

Washington, March 7.—President Wilson today completely and decisively won his long and sensational fight to compel congress to acknowledge that it stands behind him in the submarine negotiations with Germany.

The rallying cry of "Stand by the president" and "Is it Lansing and Wilson, or von Bernstorff and the Kaiser?" carried the majority and nearly half of the republicans in the house three times rolled up overwhelming votes against the movement to warm Americans off the armed ships of the European belligerents.

The celebrated McLemore resolution around which the anti-administration forces centered their fight was tabled, in other words killed, just as was the Gore resolution for a similar purpose in the senate last week.

Party Lines Disregarded.

From the very outset of the fight today the president's supporters, without regard to party, swept over the opposition.

Test Vote 256 to 160.

On the first vote, which was a parliamentary proposition to prevent opening the McLemore resolution to amendment and unlimited debate, 256 to 160. On that 192 democrats, 63 republicans and 1 progressive voted to support the administration. Twenty-one democrats, 132 republicans, five progressives, one independent and Representative London, the lone socialist of the house, voted against it.

The crucial vote of the night, the one point on which administration leaders were uncertain. With victory in hand they moved on to the next proposition, the adoption of a special rule for four hours discussion of the McLemore resolution.

Again they carried the day 271 to 142 and thus pushed their victory to conclusion by tabling the McLemore resolution, 276 to 142.

Turbulent Seven Hour Session

In seven hours of tense, turbulent session in which the administration won the crucial vote of the night, the one point on which administration leaders were uncertain. With victory in hand they moved on to the next proposition, the adoption of a special rule for four hours discussion of the McLemore resolution.

Wilson Calm and Confident

President Wilson, calm and confident, headed the early results of the voting in the cabinet rooms at the White House with some of the cabinet group about him. He told them how much gratified with the support of congress.

Released from the bonds of embarrassment forced upon him by the disclosure of the cabinet's proposal of voting in the cabinet rooms at the White House with some of the cabinet group about him. He told them how much gratified with the support of congress.

Will Proceed With Lusitania Case

The next step probably will be an announcement that the president will settle the Lusitania case, in which the United States probably will ask for such further assurances as it considers sufficient to guarantee the safety of Americans traveling the seas on merchant vessels.

Bryan Showed No Influence.

One of the day's surprises was the failure of the so-called Bryan influence to develop any appreciable strength against the president. McLemore alone spoke for resolution in all the fight nobody, except Representative McLemore himself, had a good word to say for the resolution about which all the storm centered.

Good Feeling Prevailed.

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ICE BOUND SCHOONERS RELEASED BY ACUSHNET

Had Been Imprisoned Two Weeks in Nantucket Harbor.

Nantucket, Mass., March 7.—A fleet of schooners imprisoned by ice in Nantucket harbor were released today by the cutter and tugboat Acushnet. The schooners Eliza Jane and John H. Norris, which had been in the harbor for two weeks, were broken out by the cutter and towed to an anchorage in open water.

Movements of Steamships.

Bordeaux, March 6.—Arrived, steamer Lafayette, New York. Sailed, 5th, steamer La Touraine, New York.

Andre Dahl found the dahlia in Paris.

Condensed Telegrams

Mrs. Mary Hickey, aged 108, died at Binghamton, N. Y.

There has been a big revival in the foreign demand for copper.

The British steamship Masunda has been sunk. All aboard were saved.

Three Mexicans suffering with typhus were discovered at El Paso, Tex.

A report from Rome says that the Turkish "holy war" has been a total failure.

James T. MacMurray, city clerk of Plainfield, N. J., for 22 years, tendered his resignation.

The Frost Steel & Wire Co., Ltd., of Hamilton, with \$6,000,000 capital, was incorporated at Ottawa.

The Supreme Court held that the Florida and Washington trading stamp laws were constitutional.

Richard A. McCurdy, former head of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., died at his home at Morristown, N. J.

Three men were killed and five injured by a fall of coal and slate at the Maple Hill colliery, Shenandoah, Pa.

Articles of incorporation were filed at Albany, N. Y., by the United States Consolidated Oil Co., capital \$1,500,000.

The condition of the winter wheat in Ohio on March 1 is given at 71 per cent. of normal by the state crop report.

Gen. Alvaro Obregon has been summoned to confer with Gen. Carranza on military matters, notably the Diaz uprising.

Fire destroyed the Iowa elevator at Peoria at a loss of \$1,000,000. The elevator was filled with 750,000 bushels of wheat.

Firemen and policemen moved 15 persons from a burning apartment house at No. 301 West 50th Street, New York city.

As a result of heavy artillery duels in the battle of Verdun, American manufacturers expect large additional orders for shells.

The British tramp steamer Ardmore, which left New York two days ago for England, has returned to port, reporting engine trouble.

The number of stockholders of the United States Rubber Co., on January 1, totaled 16,828, compared with 16,572 on Jan. 15, 1915.

George W. Whitaker, the dean of the article column in the United States, died at the age of 75 years. He was a native of Fall River.

Citizens of the little Republic of San Marino are being interned by Austria, which claims that San Marino has violated its neutrality.

The body of a well dressed woman about 30 years of age was found frozen in the ice of Baby Creek, Detroit, by boys playing there.

Ernest A. Von Diezelski employed by the United States for 48 years as a fortifications expert, died at his home in East Orange, N. J.

A woman passenger aboard the steamship Sea Foam died of terror during the storm. The vessel encountered off the Pacific coast.

Eighteen persons are dead and a number of others are expected to die, as the result of the explosion in the city jail of El Paso.

More than 200 persons in Paris and the Department of the Seine have been arrested and fined for spreading rumors and false news.

Joseph Hanel, who confessed to the murder of Mrs. Julia Heller, by whom he was employed as a butler, was placed on trial in Brooklyn.

President Wilson yesterday wrote a warm letter of congratulation to Speaker Champ Clark of the house, on the occasion of his 65th birthday.

Shipments of fresh and cured meats from Chicago last week totaled 41,336,000 pounds, a comparison with 51,223,000 pounds for the previous week.

After firing three shots at Miss Anabel McDonald without hitting her, Nehemiah C. Johnston, a printer, of Bristol, R. I., shot and killed himself.

The New Jersey state senate concurred in an adverse report on the bill which proposed suffrage for women at the election next month for presidential delegates.

The three Americans, Mrs. Farwell, Miss Mitchell and Dr. Henry Forbes, reported to have been mistreated by the Bulgarians and interned at Mostar, have been released.

Battling Nelson, former lightweight, was granted a decree of divorce from Fay King, a Kansas City and Denver newspaper writer, by Judge Nelson, who was granted by the judge.

All Portuguese harbors are being patrolled by battleships. No vessels are allowed to enter port at night and those approaching during the day time must prove their nationality before entering.

States Attorney Alcorn has rolled the manslaughter charge against Dr. A. B. Couch of Hartford. It was charged that his automobile ran down and killed John H. Buck, Jr., on Oct. 17, 1915.

Dr. Edward W. Ryan and Dr. Ralph Bates, of the American Red Cross commission to Serbia, left Athens with foodstuffs, clothing and medicine for the relief of Serbians on the Greek island of Corfu.

HARTFORD POLICE LOOKING FOR FRANK M. THOMPSON

Janitor Missing Since March 2—Says He Borrowed \$500.

Hartford, Conn., March 7.—The police tonight were asked to look for Frank M. Thompson, janitor of an apartment house here, who has been missing since March 2. The police say he had \$500, representing amounts borrowed from various persons.

Winston Churchill Attacks Admiralty

IN DARING SPEECH ANSWERING LORD BALFOUR.

LACKS DRIVING FORCE

Declares It Must Be Revitalized Before It Is Too Late by Bringing Back Lord Fisher to Head the Admiralty.

London, March 7.—Winston Spencer Churchill, former first lord of the admiralty, now a colonel and fresh from the trenches, sprang back into the parliamentary arena today in a daring speech, attacking Lord Fisher, the former first sea lord, to head the admiralty.

Great interest attached to Colonel Churchill's reappearance after a period of silence while serving with the army and while the naval policy he had inaugurated at the opening of the war was undergoing considerable change.

Balfour's Optimistic Statement. Mr. Balfour had just concluded an optimistic statement of the naval outlook, which strongly appealed to the patriotic sentiments of the house of commons; so that Colonel Churchill's suggestions were at first received coldly. But he gradually gained attention and applause until he closed amid a scene of enthusiasm.

"A Jarring Note of Warning." He referred to his remarks as "a jarring note and warning" which he said had to be given since he had returned from the front he had received information which was not entirely satisfying concerning the progress of naval construction. Details must necessarily be avoided, he said, but it could be said that if every capital ship provided for in the naval programme had been completed the navy would be ready, with an ample margin of safety, to complete this programme, but he expressed doubt whether this had been done. Meanwhile there was an impenetrable veil over the German programme.

Navy Should Be in Readiness. "That is a grave fact," said Colonel Churchill, "but while we know nothing yet, we may be sure that something is going on there. That the German navy, built up by the Kaiser's greatest efforts, is remaining idle, is a fact which cannot be ignored. It is within the power of the admiralty to complete this programme, but he expressed doubt whether this had been done. Meanwhile there was an impenetrable veil over the German programme."

BRANDEIS CONNECTION WITH LENOX BANKRUPTCY

Figured in Hearing Before Senate Sub-Committee Yesterday.

Washington, March 7.—Testimony that parties to the Lenox bankruptcy litigation were kept in the dark as to the exact connection of Louis D. Brandeis with the case was given before the senate sub-committee investigating Mr. Brandeis' fitness to be a supreme court justice.

Senator Lenox told the committee that Brandeis had told him he would act as his counsel and that he did not learn until months after the fact that Brandeis had been acting as his counsel.

George R. Nutter, an assignee of the Lenox estate and a member of the Brandeis law firm, is expected to testify tomorrow. He also was a case and Edward T. McClenahan, also of the Brandeis firm will be recalled for cross-examination.

RESULTS OF PREFERENTIAL PRIMARY VOTE IN